

<<翻译研究>>

图书基本信息

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前言

上海外语教育出版社自成立以来一直是我国外语教育最优秀的后勤部和侦调部。因为它不但为我国各个层次（尤其本科与研究生层次）的外语教育提供了多种高水平的教材、教参和工具书，而且还出版了多学科、多语种和多系列的中文版和外文版的学术著作，比如“现代语言学丛书”、“牛津应用语言学丛书”、“美国文学史论译丛”、“外国文学史丛书”、“剑桥文学指南丛书”、“当代英语语言学丛书”以及列入国家及教育部规划的人文社科重点项目的外国语言文学、文化等方面的图书等。

为了适应我国现代化建设和教育改革的需要，还出版了一批国际金融、对外贸易、涉外保险、国际经济法、国际新闻和管理科学等方面的教材与专著。

这些著作在外语的学科建设与学术研究以及复合型人才培养等方面都在发挥着强有力的侦察、调研和指导作用。

这是外语界有口皆碑的。

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内容概要

本书总结了苏珊·巴斯内特翻译研究的主要思想。

作者通过对翻译中意义的分析、不可译性、等值论等中心问题的剖析，追溯了翻译理论发展的历史，阐述了诗歌、小说及戏剧翻译的具体问题。

界定了翻译研究作为一门独立学科的基本研究范畴。

该书初版于1980年，之后分别于1991年和2000年再版，广为流传，成为英语国家翻译教学的入门教材。

作者简介

苏珊·巴斯内特，英国沃里克大学（University of Warwick）资深教授，曾任该校副校长，原翻译与比较文化研究中心主任。

著作包括《翻译研究》（Translation Studies）、《比较文学批评导论》（Comparative Literature: A Critical Introduction）以及与安德烈·勒菲弗尔合作的《文化构建：文学翻译论集》（Constructing Cultures: Essays on Literary Translation）等20余部。

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章节摘录

Evidence of the interest in translation is everywhere. A great many books on translation have appeared steadily throughout the past two decades, new journals of translation studies have been established, international professional bodies such as the European Society for Translation have come into being and at least half a dozen translation encyclopaedias have appeared in print, with more to follow. New courses on translation in universities from Hong Kong to Brazil, and from Montreal to Vienna offer further evidence of extensive international interest in translation studies. It shows no sign of slowing down in the twenty-first century. With so much energy directed at further investigation of the phenomenon of translation, it is obvious that any such development will not be homogeneous and that different trends and tendencies are bound to develop. We should not be surprised, therefore, that consensus in translation studies disappeared in the 1990s. However, that has been followed by lively diversification that continues today around the world. During the 1980s, Ernst-August Gutt's relevance theory, the skopos theory of Katharina Reiss and Hans Vermeer, and Gideon Toury's research into pseudotranslation all offered new methods for approaching translation, while in the 1990s the enormous interest generated by corpus-based translation enquiry as articulated by Mona Baker opened distinct lines of enquiry that continue to flourish. Indeed, after a period in which research in computer translation seemed to have foundered, the importance of the relationship between translation and the new technology has risen to prominence and shows every sign of becoming even more important in the future. Nevertheless, despite the diversity of methods and approaches, one common feature of much of the research in Translation Studies is an emphasis on cultural aspects of translation, on the contexts within which translation occurs. Once seen as a sub-branch of linguistics.

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该书的附注与精选的参考书目将会让有兴趣在该领域做进一步研究的翻译学爱好者受益匪浅。
” ——English Studies

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