

<<语言学文选（第一辑）>>

图书基本信息

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前言

I received good news that World Publishing Corporation is putting forward two linguistics series—Overseas Linguistics and Linguistics in China. The former plans to introduce important linguistic researches overseas to China by translating them into Chinese, and the latter aims at disseminating Chinese linguistic researches to the rest of the world by converting them into English. The editors, Professors Feng Shi and Hongming Zhang, asked me to compose a foreword for these two series, providing me the freedom of deciding whether to write a foreword for each or one for both. Here I respectfully ask permission to choose the second option. I have two reasons for doing so. Firstly, the two endeavors——introducing top researches from abroad to China and from China to the English-reading world——complement each other, both of which are indispensable to the promotion of linguistic studies globally. Secondly, writing only one foreword will spare the trouble of being repetitions.

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内容概要

This is a translated collection of the most distinguished journal articles of the Chinese linguistics field. Articles were selected for their originality, novelty, theoretical significance, and enlightenment to general linguistics study. Most of the articles selected were published in the last five years. The eighteen articles included in this book cover nearly all major areas of Chinese linguistics, such as phonology, syntax, semantics, pragmatics, language contact, language evolution, and comparative studies of Sino-Tibetan languages. These articles document discussions of some theoretical issues through the case studies of Asian languages. This book is appropriate for readers of the linguistics circle and serves as a reference book in Chinese linguistics study.

作者简介

石锋，Feng Shi is a professor and the Director of Linguistics Institute of Nankai University in China. He is also currently serving as the chief editor of Journal of Nankai Linguistics as well as the president of Tianjin Linguistics Association. He received his

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书籍目录

前言音系 重音、信息和语言的分类 藏缅语族松紧元音研究 天津话的连读变调及轻声：优选论分析 “天津话连读变调之谜”的优选论解释语法 汉语是话语概念结构化语言吗？非谓形容词的词类地位 方位词的词性及其理论意义 被字句和把字句的对称与不对称 从日语的角度看汉语被动句的特点语义 再谈相同词语之间语义关系的多重性 概念叠加与构式整合 汉语类指成分的语义属性和句法属性 反义类比构词中的语义不对应及其成因 词类范畴的家族相似性语言演变 汉藏语系语言里的一个疑问语素 竞争性音变与历史层次 水语里汉语借词层次分析方法 交际压力度(DCP)与混合语形成机制——以倒话为例

## 章节摘录

Abstract: Chinese word classes are prototype categories in nature. Ordinary people tend to group the words, which share the family resemblances in distribution, into the same class. It is not feasible to divide the word classes by using the conjunctive and disjunctive relations between distributional features since we might not find a feature exclusively shared by all members of a class. There are typical members and non-typical members in a certain word class. The typical members are the prototypes of the class and serve as the standards for the classification of the non-typical member. And the typical members of the same class always share a bundle of distributive features, which could be taken as the basis to divide and define word classes. Though the typical members of different classes have apparent disparities, the non-typical members of different classes only show slight and vague disparities, which has been the origin of the dilemma in Chinese word class dividing. At last, the paper presents the advantages of prototype theory in Chinese word class dividing and some other linguistic fields, such as the judgments on the identities of some syntactic constructions, and the classification of dialectal regions.

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