

<<西藏贵族世家>>

图书基本信息

书名：<<西藏贵族世家>>

13位ISBN编号：9787508509372

10位ISBN编号：7508509374

出版时间：2006-6

出版时间：次仁央宗、邵达、李金慧、刘浚 五洲传播出版社 (2006-06出版)

作者：次仁央宗

页数：272

译者：方仁杰

版权说明：本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介，请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问：<http://www.tushu007.com>

前言

Studying the life of aristocratic families in Tibetan history is a rather difficult topic for Tibetologists. A General Survey of Tibet Autonomous Region published in 1984 summarized five sources that form a Tibetan aristocracy : " First , descendants of the Tubo royal family, the ancient regime's ministers and local chieftains ( major slaveholders ) ; second , descendants of hereditary dukes and headmen appointed by the central governments of the Yuan , Ming and Qing dynasties ; third , noblemen who received their titles from all previous Dalai Lamas ; fourth , relatives of Pan chen Erdeni and the nobles in the Tsang region under the jurisdiction of the Pan chen Lab rang ; and fifth , the Khut ukhtu family's members including Sakya Hierarch and the officials coming under its command. "

<<西藏贵族世家>>

内容概要

Tsering Yangdzom, born in Lhasa, is a research fellow with the Institute of Social Economy, China Tibetology Research Center. She is co-author of Series of General Survey of China. "Lhasa, Vicissitudes of Families in Tibet Over the Past 40 Years, Life of Luou District Residents in Lhasa, Social Conformation of Tibetan Feudal Serfdom, and Survey and Research Concerning Tibet's Commerce and Handicraft Industry. She has also published a number of academic papers including "Basic Conditions and Development of Education in Lhasa," "Education Issues During the Economic Development in the River Basins of Yalu Tsangpo, Lhasa and Nyang Qu," "The Formation and Evolution of Bkr-shis-lhun-po-dgon in Tashilhunpo Monastery," "Pottery Art in Tibet," "Concerning the Aristocratic Families in Tibetan History," "The Lhasa Aristocracy's Custom of Celebrating the Lu-nar New Year in Old Tibet," and "Marriage and Families of the Aristocracy in Old Tibet."

<<西藏贵族世家>>

作者简介

次仁央宗，拉萨人。

现在中国藏学研究中心社会经济所从事藏学研究工作。

迄今，相关藏学著作有：《中国国情丛书·拉萨卷》（合著），《西藏家庭四十年变迁》（合著），《拉萨鲁因居民生活》（合著），《西藏封建农奴制社会形态》（合著），《西藏的商业与手工业调查研究》（合

## 书籍目录

PrefaceIntroduction Area of Study Source of DataPart One: Group Image of the Aristocracy in a Hierarchical Society Chapter The Dominant Yab-gzhis Families Section 1 From the First to the Sixth Dalai Lama Section 2 The Seventh Dalai Lama and His Family Section 3 The Deification of Yab-gzhis Families Section 4 A Case Study: Continuation of the Lhalu Lineage Chapter The sDe-dpon Families of Noble Descent Section 1 Epitome of the Aristocracy Section 2 Prominent Families Section 3 A Case Study: the Phalha Family Chapter Authority Arising from Mi-drag Families Section 1 Hierarchical Changes in a Stagnant Society Section 2 Concept of Honor Section 3 Struggling for Aristocratic Status Chapter General Aristocratic Families Section 1 Aspiring for Power and Honor Section 2 In Persistent Pursuit of Opportunities Section 3 Peaceful Mind in Boundless Changes Section 4 Adhering to the Past and Relaxing in the PresentPart Two: Tibetan Aristocrats Who Stress 'Location' Chapter The Solid Wall of Family Section 1 Components and Honors of Aristocratic Society Section 2 Family Structures: Polyandry and Polygamy Section 3 Basic Family Structure and Aristocrats' Residences Section 4 Emotional Relations among Family Members and Subordinates Chapter The Contract of Marriage and the Status of Women Section 1 Matrimonial Concepts and Matrimonial Relationships Section 2 Boundary and Limits of Marriage Section 3 Romantic Forms, Stiff Content Section 4 Women's Position Revealed in Marriage Chapter Children's Upbringing Section 1 Concept of Samsara and Family Affections Section 2 Upbringing of the Children of the Nobles Section 3 Childhood -- First Step into Society Section 4 Relations Between Individuals, Family and Society Chapter Life of the Aristocracy Section 1 Etiquette and Religious Enthusiasm Section 2 Tibetan New Year Celebration: Religious and Secular Section 3 Food and Attire Section 4 Gone with the WindBibliographyPostscript

## 章节摘录

插图：Chinese and foreign researchers have had penetrating views on the subject of Tibetan history, which have served as the starting point of systematic and comparative studies in This book is not a local chronicle of Tibet but concentrates on the Tibetan aristocratic families during the period of 1900-1950, as shown by its title. Hereditary system adopted by the nobility described and discussed here is directly related to the political and economic structures in Tibet before the 1950s. Therefore, the establishment of some models is necessary for an overall understanding of the family life of the aristocracy. First, when did aristocratic families emerge from the Tibetan society?

No-body seems to have specialized in this subject. of numerous documents about Tibet's social system, only two books, A General Survey of Tibet Autonomous Region (Tibet People's Publishing House, 1984) and Petech's Aristocracy and Government in Tibet, 1728-1959 (Roma, Istituto italiano per il Medio ed Estremo Oriente, 1973; its Chinese version translated by Shen Weirong and Song Liming, was published by China Tibetology Publishing House in 1990) have touched upon this question. In the former are listed five kinds of aristocrats in a historical view: "First, descendants of the four royal families, and of the ancient regime's ministers and local chieftains (major slaveholders); second, descendants of hereditary dukes and headmen appointed by the central governments of the Yuan, Ming and Qing dynasties; third, noblemen who received their titles from all previous Dalai Lamas; fourth, relatives of Pan chen Erdeni and the nobles in the Tsang region under the jurisdiction of the Panchen Labrang; and fifth, the khutukhtu family's members including Sakya hierarchy and officials coming under its command"

<<西藏贵族世家>>

编辑推荐

《西藏贵族世家(1900-1951)(英文版)》是由五洲传播出版社出版的。

版权说明

本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介，请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问:<http://www.tushu007.com>