

<<外轮理货英语>>

图书基本信息

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内容概要

《21世纪大学行业英语系列：外轮理货英语》用英文介绍了与港口装卸和理货业务相关的基础知识。

特别重点介绍了集装箱业务及理货方面的内容以适应当前运输业务的发展方向。

各单元还结合课文内容，编写了相关情景对话以便学员结合工作实践进行专业口语训练，因此本教材具有理论和工作实际相结合的特点。

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章节摘录

The port plays a role as the hub of the waterway transportation and inland transportation in the network on which cargo is assembled and distributed, and forms a link to connect the vessels and other transport instruments, and provides services such as the berthing of vessels, handling of cargo, storage, barging and other relevant businesses, etc. Up to now, the development of ports has experienced three generations already with respect of port status in the national economy and functions it plays. The first generation of ports existed before the year of 1950. Their chief functions laid on the transshipment of marine shipment, temporary storage of cargo, receiving and delivery of cargo, which plays a role as hub of transportation. The second generation of ports spanned the years from 1950s through 1980s. In addition to the functions of the first-generation port, the activities of industry and commerce which bring added-value to the cargo were involved, which made the port become a centre of cargo handling and additional services. The third generation of ports appeared in the late of 1980s and has lasted up to present. During this period, the interdependence of economic bodies is becoming essential, and the integration of global economy is thriving. Therefore, ports have upgraded their functions and further strengthened the relations with the city and customers, and provided additional comprehensive services beyond the boundary of ports, such as information collection and processing for transportation and trading, goods distribution, etc. which makes the port develop into the logistics centre of trade. The basic operational facilities of the port include wharf, pontoon, pier, passenger station, handling machinery, vessel , warehouse, pile-yard, etc. Nowadays, the operation of port is the business of private or municipal firms. Very few ports are operated directly by the state. In China , almost all of large ports have been restructured with a shareholding system, and port operation is carried out by group corporation.

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编辑推荐

《21世纪大学行业英语系列：外轮理货英语》为适应我国国民经济的持续增长和对外贸易的迅猛发展，国内各港口呈现空前发展之势，港口对外业务激增之一形势而编写的。

以培养这方面的专门人才。

《21世纪大学行业英语系列：外轮理货英语》可作为高职院校专业教材，也可供港口装卸及理货人员及相关专业人员参考使用。

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