<<甚高能宇宙伽马辐射>>

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内容概要

《中外物理学精品书系·引进系列(7)·甚高能宇宙伽马辐射:研究极端宇宙的关键窗口(影印版)》综述了宇宙伽马辐射这一现象的实验观测结果、起源的解释和蕴含的信息。

其中主要探讨了宇宙射线的产生,相对论性射束的物理和天体物理,以及观测伽马射线宇宙学等研究 方向。

具体包括银河系内和银河系外的宇宙射线的起源、极端天体物理条件(比如正在吸积的黑洞附近)下的加速和辐射过程、伽马射线暴等瞬态现象,以及与之相关的宇宙学课题等。

《中外物理学精品书系·引进系列(7)·甚高能宇宙伽马辐射:研究极端宇宙的关键窗口(影印版)》适合天文学、宇宙学、粒子物理等领域的研究者和研究生阅读。

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章节摘录

版权页: 插图: On theoretical grounds, the diffusive shock acceleration model faces sev-eral challenges or "nasty problems" (Drury et al., 2001) like the "injectionproblem" and the "maximum energy problem", recently critically reviewedby Kirk and Dendy (2001), Drury (2001) and Malkov and Drury (2001). Diffusive shock acceleration requires particles with energy at least severaltimes larger than the thermal energy of the plasma, and it is not yet clearhow to get particles from the thermal pool accelerated to supra-thermalenergies. Recent theoretical progress in this direction (e.g. Malkov and VSIk, 1995; Dieckmann et al., 2000) provides optimism that eventually theinjection problem will be resolved, most likely through extensive numerical simulations (Kirk and Dendy, 2001). The problem of the maximum achievable energy problem is an old oneand has a vital implication for the SNR paradigm of GCRs. In diffusiveshock acceleration theory, the maximum energy of particles is achievedduring the so-called free-expansion phase which, however, does not lastlong enough to allow acceleration of particles up to the highly desired point, the knee around 1015 eV. Therefore, violation of the so-called "upper limit" of Lagage and Cesarsky (1983), which, for the standard SNR parameters, the shock speed, duration of the free-expansion phase, and the ambientmagnetic field, cannot significantly exceed 1014 eV, remains as one of thehighest priorities of current theoretical studies. A promising way has recently been suggested by Lucek and Bell (2000). They showed that cosmic ray streaming drives large-amplitude Alfv è nicwaves which may amplify the magnetic field non-linearly to many timesthe pre-shock value. Thus, the cosmic rays themselves provide the fieldnecessary for their effective acceleration! The increased magnetic field re-duces the acceleration time, and correspondingly increases the maximumparticle energies to 1015 eV and even beyond.

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《甚高能宇宙伽马辐射:研究极端宇宙的关键窗口(影印版)》适合天文学、宇宙学、粒子物理等领域的研究者和研究生阅读。

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